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length of time the suspension is in effect, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

- (b) A Directed Suspension does not extend the term of a lease when the Regional Supervisor *directs* a suspension because of:
 - (1) Gross negligence; or
- (2) A willful violation of a provision of the lease or governing statutes and regulations.

[53 FR 10690, Apr. 1, 1988. Redesignated at 63 FR 29479, May 29, 1998, as amended at 72 FR 25200, May 4, 2007]

§ 250.170 How long does a suspension last?

- (a) MMS may issue suspensions for up to 5 years per suspension. The Regional Supervisor will set the length of the suspension based on the conditions of the individual case involved. MMS may grant consecutive suspension periods.
- (b) An SOO ends automatically when the suspended operation commences.
- (c) An SOP ends automatically when production begins.
- (d) A Directed Suspension normally ends as specified in the letter directing the suspension.
- (e) MMS may terminate any suspension when the Regional Supervisor determines the circumstances that justified the suspension no longer exist or that other lease conditions warrant termination. The Regional Supervisor will notify you of the reasons for termination and the effective date.

§ 250.171 How do I request a suspension?

You must submit your request for a suspension to the Regional Supervisor, and MMS must receive the request before the end of the lease term (i.e., end of primary term, end of the 180-day period following the last leaseholding operation, and end of a current suspension). Your request must include:

- (a) The justification for the suspension including the length of suspension requested:
- (b) A reasonable schedule of work leading to the commencement or restoration of the suspended activity:
- (c) A statement that a well has been drilled on the lease and determined to

be producible according to §§ 250.115, 250.116, or 250.1603 (SOP only);

- (d) A commitment to production (SOP only); and
- (e) The service fee listed in §250.125 of this subpart.

[70 FR 49876, Aug. 25, 2005]

§ 250.172 When may the Regional Supervisor grant or direct an SOO or SOP?

The Regional Supervisor may grant or direct an SOO or SOP under any of the following circumstances:

- (a) When necessary to comply with judicial decrees prohibiting any activities or the permitting of those activities. The effective date of the suspension will be the effective date required by the action of the court;
- (b) When activities pose a threat of serious, irreparable, or immediate harm or damage. This would include a threat to life (including fish and other aquatic life), property, any mineral deposit, or the marine, coastal, or human environment. MMS may require you to do a site-specific study. (See §250.177(a).)
- (c) When necessary for the installation of safety or environmental protection equipment;
- (d) When necessary to carry out the requirements of NEPA or to conduct an environmental analysis; or
- (e) When necessary to allow for inordinate delays encountered in obtaining required permits or consents, including administrative or judicial challenges or appeals.

$\$\,250.173$ When may the Regional Supervisor direct an SOO or SOP?

The Regional Supervisor may direct a suspension when:

- (a) You failed to comply with an applicable law, regulation, order, or provision of a lease or permit; or
- (b) The suspension is in the interest of national security or defense.

§ 250.174 When may the Regional Supervisor grant or direct an SOP?

The Regional Supervisor may grant or direct an SOP when the suspension is in the national interest, and it is necessary because the suspension will meet one of the following criteria: